



SUNDAY.
APRIL 6, 1958

THE JERUSALEM POST

PRICE: 140 PRUTA
VOL. XXXIII, No. 9057

Fly the Finest...
FLY TWA
TRANS WORLD AIRLINES

MARGINAL COLUMN By NISSIM REJWAN

'Good Offices' Bid In Tunisia Seen Failing

TUNIS, Saturday (Reuter). — The U.S. special envoy in the Franco-Tunisian dispute, Mr. Robert Murphy, called on President Bourguiba today.

Mr. Murphy and his opposite number in the Anglo-American Office, Mr. Harold Beeley, are expected to return to Paris tomorrow with Tunisian counter-proposals on the question of control of Tunisia's frontier with Algeria.

Diplomatic circles here are uncertain about the outcome of the mission. The aim of Tunisian negotiators for international control of the frontier were expected to include an inquiry into Algerian questions which the French Government would probably reject.

An American spokesman said Mr. Murphy was to meet over the reply of the U.S. Secretary of State, Mr. Dulles, to a message of the Tunisian President sent last Wednesday.

Leas Cordiality

Sources close to Mr. Bourguiba said the cordiality of the Good Offices talks cooled off considerably during yesterday's meeting, when the President reproached the Anglo-U.S. team for presenting him with nothing except "inacceptable" French proposals.

Mr. Bourguiba said international control of the frontier would infringe on Tunisian sovereignty, would lead to prolongation of the fighting in Algeria and endanger the unity of North Africa.

These sources said Bourguiba told the envoys that if he accepted the proposed controls, the consequence would be the proclamation of a "free Alpine government" by the Insurgents.

Makarios to Celebrate Easter in Old City

ATHENS, Saturday (Reuter). — Archbishop Makarios, exiled Cypriot Greek Church leader, will go to the Old City of Jerusalem on Tuesday to take part in Greek Orthodox Easter celebrations, it was announced last night.

In Nicosia, Governor Sir Hugh Foot said yesterday that his policy of working towards a return to normal peaceful conditions on the island "cannot succeed if acts of senseless violence continue."

His warning came after 15 bomb incidents on the island in the past few days, following the third anniversary of the EOKA underground movement. Sir Hugh said he wanted to take "progressive steps" towards ending the emergency which was imposing "such an intolerable burden on the island's people both financially and otherwise."

Ike Launches New Housing Programme

WASHINGTON, Saturday (UP). — President Eisenhower yesterday announced a programme to spur home building, including elimination of down payment on G.I. home loans.

The White House described it as part of the President's anti-recession programme. It said the steps were a follow-up to the housing bill he signed earlier this week.

French Mine Workers Present Ultimatum

PARIS, Saturday (Reuter). — French mine-workers last night delivered an ultimatum to the Government that they will strike on April 21 unless pay claims are met.

As workers "warning" before the expiration of their ultimatum, which called for a strike of unlimited duration, they announced a 24-hour strike for tomorrow week.

B. AMIR TO HEAD TIMNA WORKS

Mr. Baruch Amir, formerly of Tel Aviv, has been appointed Manager of the Timna Copper Works, the plant management announced last night.

All of which would seem to vindicate the West's cool attitude. To permit Nasser, or any other ruler who may so wish, to receive as much Soviet aid as he likes; to let him get as much involved with the Eastern bloc as he sees fit, has of course its own dangers. It is precisely because, to a state of affairs whereby a domineering Power is made to yield to constant blackmail from confirmed impostors and adventurers. That this blackmail should be given dignified names like positive neutrality and non-alignment does not make it any more palatable.

Jerusalem, April 6.

JORDAN MARAUDERS KILL TWO ISRAELIS

Marauders from Jordan murdered two Israeli civilians near Tel Lachish at noon on Friday.

According to the Army spokesman yesterday, the jeep in which the two had been travelling was found several kilometres away from the spot where the two were shot.

In the subsequent investigation by the Israel authorities, tracks were found leading from the vehicle to the Jordan-Israel armistice line.

U.S. Appeal To Israel and Egypt

WASHINGTON, Saturday (UP). — The State Department said today that the U.S. could diplomatic actions in Israel and Egypt to efforts to stop a series of clashes in the Lake Hula area earlier this week.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

It said that "they also discussed recent developments in the international field and in the Middle East," and added that the talks were in line with contacts normally maintained by Mr. Hammarskjold with member governments through sessions of the U.N. General Assembly.

The Cairo newspaper "Akbar el Yom" reported that the U.A.R. would "meet with force" any new attack by Israel on Syria.

In Cairo, it was disclosed, U.S. diplomatic officials urged the Government of the United Arab Republic, whose forces in the Lake Hula area had fired on Israeli workers.

The U.S. appealed for "restraint" on Israel's part as well.

It is understood in Jerusalem that the American request addressed to the Israeli Government was for a temporary stoppage of work to permit the U.N. Truce-Cheif, General von Horn, to complete the renewed survey of the area. It is claimed that the reported partial drying up of the Hula, which has caused the change and disappearance of topographical identification marks.

The request, which is described as "entirely routine," came after Israel had ceased, and after the Israeli Government had already acceded to General von Horn's request for more time for the survey.

Work on the canal is due to be resumed shortly.

Syrians Fired First In Hula, Cairo Says

NEW YORK, Saturday (INA). — U.S. officials in Cairo have made no effort to conceal the fact that the Syrian forces fired the first shots after Israel workers tried to resume work in the Lake Hula area earlier this week, "The New York Times" reported from the Egyptian capital today.

A.P. reported from Beirut, quoting the Damascus daily "A-Shab" as declaring editorially that the Syrian press has become the victim of the Egyptian-Syrian merger.

It pointed out that many Syrian papers used live off political parties and organizations, but that the dissolution of these groups has ended many sources of income.

Gaza Council Wants To Join U.A.R.

NEW YORK, Saturday (INA). — The Associated Press reported from Gaza today that the "Legislative Council for the Gaza Strip, created recently by Abdul Karim Qassem, has passed a resolution on Thursday calling for membership in the United Arab Republic."

The Cairo official's warning that stronger action might result if work is resumed, and expressed the belief that the Israel stoppage of work was of "a temporary nature."

WORLD BANK CHIEF DUE IN CAIRO

The President of the World Bank, Mr. Eugene Black, is due to arrive in Cairo tomorrow for talks with the management of the Suez Canal Authority, Cairo Radio reported yesterday.

Citrus Day Festival

REHOVOT, TOMORROW, APRIL 7, 1958

Growers and Packing House Workers

EVERYONE SHOULD ATTEND THE FESTIVAL

Opening:

Festival Programmes at 4 p.m. at the Packing House of Tnuva Export, next to the Railway Station.

Festive Gathering:

In the Yad Weizmann square at 8 p.m. Artistic Programme.



Rebels Admit Setbacks In Sumatra Battle

BUKITTINGGI, Sumatra, Saturday (UPI). — Revolutionary forces retreated on two fronts before Central Government troops in the Barisan Mountains today, and the loss of the rebels' only major lifeline to the outside world was imminent.

Rebel officials admitted their troops had to fall back after heavy ground and air attacks by twin Central Government drives from Pakantan Baru and Rengat toward the revolutionary strongholds of Bukittinggi and Padang. Rebel leaders in Bukittinggi made plans to "take to the hills" and continue their revolution with guerrilla warfare, if necessary.

The rebel Interior Minister, Dahlan Djambek, said Government troops had overrun the towns of Lubuk, about 130 kms. south-east of Bukittinggi, and were within 40 kms. of the vital gasoline supply road to neutral South Sumatra.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

In Jakarta, the Foreign Ministry spokesman denied that Indonesia had bought Soviet-built military aircraft from Czechoslovakia.

The U.S. urged the Israeli Government to suspend a drainage project south of Lake Hula, where fire was directed on Israeli workers.

He said another arm of the Central Government force had broken through rebel defences at Bankinang.

Attention Visitors!
MALBEN-JDC
"Open House"
Tuesday, April 8.
from 2:30 to 6:30 p.m.
at the
GIVAT HASHLOSHA
HOME FOR AGED
Retired Business Hospital
(Petai-Tzur)
Come and SPEND
A LITTLE TIME
WITH US!

LAW REPORT

The Jerusalem Post
April 6, 1956

In the Supreme Court Sitting as Court Of Civil Appeal
Before the Deputy President Justice Cheshin, Justices Agmon and Barak
Supervision Ltd. vs. Raphael Mizrahi (CA. 278-56).

Gas Consumer Not Entitled To Restitution Under Doctrine of Quasi-Contract

The Supreme Court allowed an appeal against a judgment of the Tel Aviv District Court delivered on June 28, 1955 (in C.A. 458/55). The Supersas Co. agreed to supply Mr. Raphael Mizrahi with gas, in accordance with one of the terms of the written agreement, that the plaintiff, who should have supplied the balloons and metalization transferred to a new residence he would have to obtain the company's permission to do so himself. The plaintiff had to pay the company, for suitable remuneration, the beginning of 1955. Mr. Mizrahi moved and asked the court to transfer the balloons and reconstruct them in his new flat. They intended to do so by the end of 1956. He considered that this sum exceeded the sum demanded by the plaintiff. The manager referred him to the terms of the agreement. He therefore paid the IL.6 under duress and when it was demanded he had compensated the company in the Tel Aviv Magistrate's Court for the return of IL.6, on the ground that it was a "suitable remuneration." The Tel Aviv Court allowed his appeal and the Supersas Company thereupon appealed against the latter decision to the Supreme Court.

The Foreign Minister, Mrs. Golda Meir, on Thursday received her office in Jerusalem Dr. Michael J. C. Cudahy, Director General of the World Health Organization, and Dr. A. H. Tabo, Director of the W.H.O.'s Eastern Mediterranean office. Mrs. Meir also received Sir Knos Peacock, former British Ambassador to Israel, and Lady Helen.

Guests at the seder of Dr. A. Phillips, Rabbi of Emet Synagogue, Jerusalem, included the American Consul General and Mrs. Franklin; the British Consul and Mrs. Brash; Bishop Dr. Lilje, Chairman of the International Association of Lutheran Churches; and Mr. Leslie, Rev. Mr. Member of Synods, Australia, and tourists from Chicago and London. Praetzel Dr. Hermann Maass of Heidelberg, attended the Pesach morning service at the "Emeth" Emet Synagogue.

An exhibition featuring reproductions of works by outstanding American painters will open at Z.O.A. House today. In the exhibition are the works of Charles Boggs, Warrington Colescott, Edward Gobbo, James McConnel and Edward John Stevens.

BIRTH

BEN-CHORIN — To Avital and Shalom Ben-Chorin, a daughter, Ariela Ronenka, Jerusalem, April 5, 1956.

EXPRESSION OF THANKS
Mr. and Mrs. Eytan Lior, Ramat Gan, wish to thank their relatives and friends for good wishes received on the occasion of their wedding.

Court Orders Fee For Singer Who Walked Out

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — A disgruntled local resident who had engaged the tenor Avraham Wilkomirsky to sing at a bar mitzvah party and had refused to pay him the sum he had not fulfilled his engagement, was recently ordered by the Magistrate's Court to pay him the agreed fee.

The defendant, Mr. Ya'cov Onreich, had engaged Mr. Wilkomirsky to sing "a number of songs" for a fee of IL.6. After having sung six, the tenor disappeared from the hall and returned after the party had ended. He told Mr. Onreich that he suddenly had throat trouble and had gone to a doctor for an injection. Mr. Onreich then gave him a check.

Two days later, however, the plaintiff learned that the singer had not been to a doctor, but had left to sing at a celebration in Z.O.A. House. He thereupon instructed his bank to stop the cheque.

In court, Mr. Wilkomirsky admitted that he had not visited a doctor but said he had left the hall because the audience had not listened to his singing.

Magistrate M. Cernobolsky, ordering Mr. Onreich to pay the agreed fee, declared that even if the artist had sung only one song, he had thereby fulfilled his agreement.

Safad's Festivities Begin Today

SAFAD, Saturday. — The town's tenth anniversary festivities will be opened with the awarding of the S. Melia Prize for the Arts tomorrow, at the Glitzenstein Museum. The annual \$1,000 prize has been contributed by Mr. S. Melia, from the Argentine. Some 30 painters are taking part in the exhibition.

In the evening the Haifa Symphony Orchestra will give a special concert at the "Zodi" cinema hall.

WALTER EYTAN WEDS IN LONDON

The marriage took place last week in London of Mr. Walter Eytan, Director-General of the Foreign Ministry, and Mrs. Beatrice Zion, of New York.

Miss Nellie G. Levy

WEST CENTRAL CLUB, LONDON asks ex-members and friends to gather at Mrs. Levy's, 11 Rehov Lamed, Kiryat Blalik, Haifa, between April 6 and 12.

Mrs. Luftau, 20/2 Rehov Matanya, Yag Eliahu, Tel Aviv, between April 18 and 27.

Weinstock, 9 Rehov Balfour, Jerusalem; between April 27 and May 6.

ISRAEL INSTITUTE OF PRODUCTIVITY—HAIFA
and
ASSOCIATION OF SOCIAL SCIENCE GRADUATES—HAIFA
on Monday, April 7, 1956, at 8 p.m.
in Hall 54, the Hebrew Technion, Hadar HaCarmel,

Professor Dan Patenkin

Professor of Economics, The Hebrew University will lecture on

Developments in Israel Economics**THE JERUSALEM POST****THE JERUSALEM POST****\$2m. Trade Pact With Philippines**

LYDDA AIRPORT, Saturday. — A new draft trade agreement between Israel and the Philippines has been provisionally concluded and awaits the approval of the Philippines government. This was revealed by Mr. Michael Tsur, Foreign Trade Director of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, on his return here on Thursday by air.

In the case under consideration, however, the respondent could have received gas from some other organization at least, has attempted to prove that all other facilities were closed to him.

In short, Justice Cheshin held, the circumstances of the case do not point to the respondent's having paid the appellants under duress in the legal sense of the term, and do not therefore entitle him to restitution.

The respondent had argued, however, that even if he had not been duress he was nevertheless entitled to restitution on the grounds of equity and justice, as there had been unjust enrichment on the part of the appellants.

But Justice Cheshin continued in order to prevent unjust enrichment the onus had been on the respondent to prove that he had either paid the money through an error of fact, or that he had paid it in return for a certain consideration which had failed completely, or that he had paid it in full to his benefit, from commulsion or undue influence, or that he was entitled to restitution by virtue of certain express laws promulgated for the benefit of persons of his kind.

The respondent had not proved any of these and was therefore not entitled to a remedy based on unjust enrichment.

In the circumstances, Justice Cheshin concluded, he saw no reason to consider the question of whether IL.500 had been suitable remuneration for the transfer of the balloons himself. The first element was therefore missing.

As to the question of urgent and pressing necessity, the rule is, Justice Cheshin said, that a person who pays to prove it, if he pays it in full knowledge of the relevant facts, unless he can prove that he paid the money under duress and in such circumstances as to indicate that he did not do so of his own free will. There is, he continued, no exact legal definition of "voluntary payment" — just as there is no exact definition of payment by commulsion — but there are certain accepted criteria and among them is the rule that if money is paid in response to a demand illegally made under the colour of an office (*color of office*), the payment was not made voluntarily (see CA. 412/54, P.D. 10/1955). This rule, which applies to public officials, has been extended in England, Justice Cheshin said, to the best of his knowledge, only to the quasicontractual obligations provided by the railways due to the special position which public carriers had in the eyes of the common law, and to the monopolistic or quasi-monopolistic concessions granted the railway companies. He had, however, not found one precedent where the English courts had extended the rule of *color of office* to officials of other quasi-public companies or to cases where the quasi-contractual claim is based not on a breach of the law on the part of the person demanding the money but on a breach of the terms of a private contract.

Justice Cheshin concurred. Justice Berinson agreed that the respondent should be allowed to sue for the reason given by the Magistrate's Court for dismissing the original suit that the respondent had not proved his allegation that "suitable remuneration" was IL.5 and not IL.40 as demanded by the appellants. This, he said, obviated the need for him to express any opinion on the other issues raised in the case.

Appeal allowed with IL.100 costs.

Judgment given on March 28, 1956.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

Justice Cheshin said that the agreement had stipulated that the transfer of the balloons be done for suitable remuneration. If, as claimed by the respondent, the remuneration demanded had been unsuitable, then the respondent had not been unsuitable, then the respondent had not proved his allegation that "suitable remuneration" was IL.5 and not IL.40 as demanded by the appellants. This, he said, obviated the need for him to express any opinion on the other issues raised in the case.

Appeal allowed with IL.100 costs.

Judgment given on March 28, 1956.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

Justice Cheshin said that the agreement had stipulated that the transfer of the balloons be done for suitable remuneration. If, as claimed by the respondent, the remuneration demanded had been unsuitable, then the respondent had not been unsuitable, then the respondent had not proved his allegation that "suitable remuneration" was IL.5 and not IL.40 as demanded by the appellants. This, he said, obviated the need for him to express any opinion on the other issues raised in the case.

Appeal allowed with IL.100 costs.

Judgment given on March 28, 1956.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead, member of the once prominent Anglo-Polish family and former employee of the British Embassy in Warsaw, who was jailed for four years in 1948 for alleged wartime collaboration with the Germans, has been fully rehabilitated by the Polish Supreme Court.

American Method

The position is somewhat different in America, continued Justice Cheshin, where the rule has been broadened.

REHABILITATED. — Mr. Charles Whithead,

TOURISTS' EXPRESS PHOTO SERVICE

10% discount on payment
in foreign currency on all
goods

Photo Karmet
83
Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv
TEL AVIV

Jordan's Postbag

The Weather

Forecast Fair with a rise in
temperature and drop in hu-
midity.

Weekend Synagogue A ridge of
high pressure from Russia to
tripoliates with north-westerly
airstream over Israel.

Moscow 58° 6° 21° 31°

Tiberias 37° 7° 20° 31°

Hats Fort 67° 14° 21° 30°

Natanya 63° 16° 22° 34°

Tel Aviv Port 77° 12° 19° 30°

Lod 77° 12° 19° 30°

Jerusalem Port 67° 12° 21° 30°

Jerusalem 64° 12° 21° 30°

Haifa 50° 10° 20° 30°

Eilat 37° 8° 26° 37°

A. Humidity at 8 p.m. 80%

Minimum temp. yesterday D) 15°

Maximum yesterday D) 25°

Minimum temp. expected today C)

Maximum temp. expected today D)

ARRIVALS

Dr. P. Shinner, Director of the Shlumin Corporation, from the U.S.S.R., for a three week visit in connection with Reparations affairs (by El Al).

Mr. Alexander Aspin, British stage director, from London (by El Al).

Mr. Y. Friedman, of the Miami group, arrived in Tel Aviv (by El Al).

Mr. Benjamin G. Levy, of the U.S.A., Mr. J. W. B. in Boston, Mrs. Cyril Ross, of the J.P.A., London (by El Al).

Mrs. Herbert Tanzer, and his son, Mr. J. W. in New York (by El Al).

Sir Howard Robertson, British architect, together with Lady Robertson, for a visit in connection with the new Knesset building (by El Al).

AFTER returning home on Thursday night from a party where he had drunk several glasses of cognac, Mr. Shai Yosef, 58, of Tel Aviv, drank a large dose of sleeping fluid from a bottle which he mistook for a soda water bottle. He was treated at the Hadassah Hospital, Tel Aviv.

Easter Midnight Mass Celebrated

By CHRIS ELIOT

Easter midnight mass was celebrated by Roman Catholics and churches following the Gregorian Calendar this morning.

In Jerusalem, a solemn Easter Vigil was celebrated at the Terra Sancta Monastery, and the Blessing of the Holy Fire was conducted by Father Pedro Bon. An Easter mass was celebrated at the Dormition Abbey and the Cathedral of Notre Dame de France.

A group of 34 British pilgrims, who arrived via Haifa to spend Good Friday in New Jerusalem, crossed the lines to Mandelbaum Gate to the Old City to celebrate Easter. The group which belongs to the Anglican Church was led by Reverend A.N. Johnson.

A group of French agricultural students arrived in Jerusalem just right for the Easter celebrations. The group, which is led by three professors, has just completed a tour of the Negev and is en route to the Atlas Travel Service.

Another group of Roman Catholic pilgrims are crossing the lines to Israel tomorrow morning for a three-day stay. The Jerusalem Post.

A united sunrise service of all Protestant churches in Jerusalem was celebrated in the garden of St. Andrew's Scottish Church, where the sermon was delivered by the Right Rev. Hanna Lilje, D.D., Bishop of Hanover.

Several hundred Cypriot pilgrims have already arrived in the Old City for the Greek Orthodox Easter. The Greeks celebrate Easter after the Jewish Passover as traditional Christ was crucified after the Seder, which was the Last Supper.

ITALIAN MINISTER HERE FOR EASTER

LYDDA, Saturday. — The Italian Minister of the Treasury, Mr. Giuseppe Medici, arrived by El Al on Thursday night from Rome for a private visit to celebrate Easter. He was received at the airport by the Italian Ambassador and senior Embassy officials.

AIRPORT BUSY HOLIDAY EVE

LYDDA, Saturday. — Over a dozen airliners carrying tourists arrived at Lydda Airport on Thursday night. They included a Britannia bringing 90 passengers and two El Al "Flying Tiger" flights carrying 84 and 105 passengers respectively.

President to Open Historical Conference

President Israel Ben-Zvi

will address the inaugural session of the Conference of the Israel Historical Society which opens this evening at 8 p.m. on the Hebrew University Campus.

The two central topics of the two-day gathering will be "Judaean in Israel and among the Nations," and "Nationalism in Israel and among the Nations."

This will be the fourth Conference of the Society, and some 400 persons are expected to take part.

The opening session will also be addressed by the Minister of Education and Culture, Mr. Z. Aranne, and by Mayor Gershon Agron.

Adjustments Made in Gov't Departments, Controller Finds

By AMOS MELAMED, Jerusalem Post Reporter

The general situation in the management of the review has not changed appreciably during 1956/57, tries have made progress which were mentioned in earlier reports. Dr. Siegfried Moses, the State Controller, told a Press conference in Jerusalem on Thursday.

He submitted his eighth report, covering the year 1956/57, in the Knesset on Friday.

The review reviews the situation in Government Ministries. Government-controlled corporations and the local authorities. The 300-page survey is divided into two parts, one dealing in general with questions common to most of the agencies and the other summarizing the Controller's findings in his inspection of Government departments. An appendix reviews the situation in defence establishments.

In his general recommendations, the Controller urges the standardization of accounting and reporting systems in Government departments. He also reiterates his earlier recommendation that the Government prepare and bring before the Knesset a "Companies law" governing the enterprises in which it has an interest. The law would regulate Government participation in the firms.

In the meantime, he recommends that the necessary rules and regulations in this field be formulated administratively.

Police Relations

In his review of "Contact between the citizen and Government agencies," the Controller found that in 2,800 cases of correspondence in 1956, 500 cases were badly managed, while 200 cases of the correspondence extended over a period of more than three months. The report recommends that certain basic rules on how a citizen's correspondence should be handled be adopted immediately; every letter be acknowledged upon receipt; that an interim answer be given in writing to delayed cases and that standard stencilled replies be prepared.

The Controller points out that extension of land registration is urgent and that despite Government allocations for this purpose, work has advanced at a slow pace. Of Israel's total area of 20,500,000 dunams, only six million are registered. Between 1951 and 1957, the Government allocated funds for the settlement of 180,000 dunams, of which only 20,000 were settled.

In the second part of his report, the Controller finds that the Ministry of Finance registered an revenue not only accrue but obligations covered by bank guarantees were well paid out so that this is illegal under the present budget law. On the expenditure side, the Ministry registered as expenditures some goods and services for which payment was made after the expiration of the fiscal year. The Controller suggests that here for the present budget law does not permit the Ministry to do so.

Incide a Heavy Debtor

The Incide Mead Company, according to the report, far behind in its payment for foreign currency received in respect of meat imports. The Finance Ministry in May 1952 signed an agreement with Incide whereby the latter was to supply 10,000 tons of meat products to Incide. In 1957, the contracts were signed half-a-year after the completion of the job.

The Controller also singles out a number of projects and orders that were handed out by the Department without proper tenders.

Isfiya Hotelier Stabbed to Death

Jerusalem Post Reporter

HAIFA, Saturday. — George Mu'ammar, owner of the Carmel Hotel at Isfiya, was fatally stabbed by one of his kitchen workers last Tuesday. He died yesterday at the Ramona Hospital from three knife wounds and was taken to Nazareth for burial. He was about 50 years old.

According to a police report, Mu'ammar quarreled with Yousef el-Khazen, a kitchen hand at his flourishing hotel, and the latter stabbed him three times with a kitchen knife. The victim was rushed to hospital but finally succumbed yesterday.

Mu'ammar was a prominent advocate during the Mandatory period. He retired from the legal profession to devote his time and considerable fortune to the development of a summer resort at Isfiya and was very successful.

The assailant has been remanded for a fortnight.

Counterfeit Note Haul in Beersheba

LYDDA, Saturday. — Another 50 counterfeit IL notes were discovered here by the police yesterday.

Police found 18 of them in possession of a local resident, Nazima Naji. She then led the police to a well in the courtyard of her home where she had hidden another 50. All the notes were of the same series.

Police confiscated 110 counterfeit notes in Beersheba on Thursday.

Egyptian Currency Found on Israeli

Jerusalem Post Reporter

BEERSHEBA, Saturday. — Police went out to the Abu Mu'min neighborhood and arrested Eliyah Lerner, 20, of Beersheba, today, after a Bedouin reported to them that a Jew had driven up to the tribal area in a truck and offered to buy coffee with Egyptian money.

Levy was held for investigation and £100 found in his possession was confiscated.

Syrians Free Two Lost Tourists

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TIERIAS, Saturday. — Two tourists, one American and one British, who lost their way during an excursion and were captured by rebels in Syria, were released on Wednesday after 11 days of captivity. They were returned through the intervention of the U.N.T.A.O. and the U.S. and British Embassies.

Peter Wolfowitz, 28, from New Jersey, and Siegfried Meierfeld, 22, of London, both guests of Delta Airlines, reported that they had strayed from a group of hikers, had lost their way, crossed bridges and got too late that they had walked into Syria. They were taken to a prison in Damascus kept in uncomfortable conditions and repeatedly interrogated, but not maltreated.

On Wednesday morning they were promised that they would be released the same day. The Indian delegation to the Arab League was to be released on Friday.

Police Paymaster Commits Suicide

TEL AVIV, Saturday. — The paymaster of the Central District Police, Morris Friedman, committed suicide on Wednesday by shooting himself in an office in Rehov Herzl Police, who were summoned by a passer-by who heard the shot, said they believed his death was caused by domestic trouble.

The deceased left a number of letters.

The funeral was held on Friday in the Kiryat Shalom cemetery.

6,000 Pilgrims Go Up Mt. Zion

Jerusalem Post Staff

An estimated 6,000 pilgrims went up to Mount Zion yesterday, opening the first of the year's three mass pilgrimages to the Holy City. The morning service was held at the Tomb of King David and afterwards the worshippers

O.M. staff were present at a seder for 300 persons at the Ramat Aviv. A similar number attended a seder at the Accacia Grand hotel, whilst 250 foreign tourists and local guests attended the Dan hotel seder.

The Passover celebrations for foreign tourists at the large hotels in Herzliya, however, were upset somewhat by inefficient transport arrangements.

Chief Rabbi Hersch and Chief Rabbi Nasim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

Rabbis Herzog and Nissim both received large numbers of Jewish tourists for the seder

THE JERUSALEM POST

Published by The Palestine Post Ltd.
on Saturday in Jerusalem by The
Palestine Post Ltd. Registered at
the G.P.O. Copyright of all
material reserved; reproduction
permitted only by arrangement
with the publishers.

Editorial
ADVISORY BOARD

Managing Editor
THO D. LURIE

Editorial Office and Management
2 Rehov HaKotelot, Jerusalem,
P.O. Box 51, Tel. 628 (2 lines).
THE AVIV Bureau: 22 Nahari
Boulevard, P.O.B. 123, Tel. 4881/2
HAIFA Bureau: 1 Rehov Haye
P.O.B. 51, Tel. 628 (2 lines).
Local Subscriptions:
Abroad 112.00
Abroad 112.00

Sunday, April 8, 1958
30 Nissan, 5718-27 Ramazan, 1958

THE Israel Government
has not been conspicuous for success in presenting its case to the public, either at
PUBLIC home or abroad; it is
RELATIONS not surprising
that the Egyptian-Syrian violence directed against workers and settlements in the Hula area has again made the headlines of the U.S. press as "Israel hostilities," as was reported on Friday, this being standard Arab practice. The Government does not get full credit for its successes and it pays unduly often and heavily for its failures.

The borders have been relatively quiet since the autumn of 1956 and the Sinai Campaign — a major achievement whose bluntness has not been sufficiently brought home to the public — and as a result the picture of Israel obtained by readers of the press abroad has been comparatively free of the kind of bluntness that was a daily occurrence at the height of the assaults on Israel's borders. It will be remembered that at that time the Arab countries, and Egypt first and foremost, succeeded regularly in filling the headlines of the foreign press with accounts of Israel aggression. Sometimes this "aggression" had been imaginary, and sometimes it consisted of such incidents as the capture or killing of armed infiltrators in Israel territory.

The trouble is, of course, that Israeli public relations abroad suffer from a permanently split personality. It is told that Jews under the Czarist regime could never decide whether to register their sons as three years younger than their true age, or three years older, in order to avoid conscription into the Russian Army. In the same way, the Israel Government has never made up its mind whether it wishes to appear in the public eye as a harmless, innocent little state set upon by its neighbours, and to protest loudly against attacks, or whether it wishes to impress the world as a strong and well-armed country whose neighbours cannot inflict more than pin-pricks.

The result is, as often as not, statements so much qualified, and so hedged about with official phrasology that the working newspaperman, even if he is willing to accept them as correct, receives no clear picture and produces a distorted account. He will certainly find it easier to abandon the elaborate statements of Israel spokesmen, and to reproduce the simple lies told by Arab representatives. Even if he reluctantly prints some explanation offered by Israel subsequently, he will not give it much prominence, and the reader will pay even less attention. The answer must be found in a less hesitant attitude to the truth, despite occasional diplomatic difficulties. Israel speaks peace with her neighbours, Israel is not an aggressor nation, and we are entitled to have the world know these facts. When Israel marched into Sinai, and carried out earlier punitive actions elsewhere, we did not hesitate to announce these actions. When we fight for political frontiers on the Hula, speaking should be equally plain.

It is quite obvious that delicate negotiations may be made more difficult by untimely revelations of the essential facts under dispute, and a mature public will sympathize with its representatives in not wishing to work under fire, just as the U.N. officers ask for shooting to stop so that they can do their measuring in safety. But again this question of technique should also be balanced by the considerable loss of public confidence, here as much as abroad, that is induced by piece-meal information, and the kind of ill-informed, if not actually ill-intentioned, speculation that is bred by lack of accurate information.

Letter from Paris

Silent Jews from Moscow

THE "Jewish question" is apt to crop up in the most unexpected quarters. It has now become a matter, even a sensitive question, of the French Communist Party.

There is growing unrest here among Jewish Communists, both in the elite and in the rank-and-file of the Party. When Mr. Khrushchev destroyed the myth of the divine infallibility of Stalin, the Communists Jews were shocked out of their religious belief that Moscow could do no wrong; they were forced to accept what the rest of the world had long since recognized, that the massacre of Yiddish writers and the suppression of Jewish culture in the Soviet Union were dastardly crimes. They conceded that the "New Press" ("venerably denouncing anti-Semitism, and that the French-language organ of the Communist Party, "L'Humanité," reproduced this declaration prominently on its front page. Much of what he said — his condemnation of anti-Semitism as "an insult to the glorious traditions of the French Revolution" — a "survival of the Nazi" which "only brings back memories of a tragic past in Jewish homes, but constitutes a grave warning to all workers and all democrats" — was clearly meant for home consumption in order to rally the wavering Jewish Communists. But there is reason to believe that one passage in which he says: "working class fight to establish the Socialist regime where men of all religions and all nationalities shall have the same rights in all domains" (my italics) was addressed to Moscow.

Iron Discipline

How is one to explain this self-imposed silence? Deep and widespread dissatisfaction is held in by hesitation as well as by a long habit of iron discipline. There is still hope of a change for the better in Soviet policy. Should this expectation, however, be frustrated, then the Jewish breakaway from Communism may well turn into a landslide.

In these circumstances, last month's announcement that a delegation of three leading Yiddish-speaking Communists from Paris had gone to Moscow on an unclassified mission aroused considerable interest. It may be taken for granted that their purpose was to plead for a Soviet gesture in favour of Yiddish culture, designed to give new heart to Jewish Communists in France. The Communist set-up being what it is, there cannot be the slightest doubt, either, that the delegation went forth with the blessing of, or after close consultation with, the top level in the French Communist Party.

A mass defection of the Jews would be something of a blow to the powerful French Communist Party. For one thing, the Jews represent a force in the Party, especially among the intelligentsia. What is more serious is the threatened "loss of face": the Communist

Party has been severely shaken, not only by the Russian failure to reinstate Jewish culture after "de-Stalinization," but also by Russian support of patently Fascist Arab lands — such as Egypt with the swarm of Nazi ad-

MUSICAL DIARY

Israel Philharmonic Orchestra, Tel Aviv Subscription Concert, Concert Hall, Auditorium, Tel Aviv. Titian Masetti, soprano, Marcella Corrisi basso-buffo (Mann Auditorium, April 1); Rossini: "Oberon" Overture; and Aria from "Der Freischütz"; Beethoven: Aria "Ah, perfido"; Brahms: Symphony No. 2 (First performance).

It looks as if Maestro Giulini has definitely conquered his audiences who accord him a warm and enthusiastic reception in appreciation of all the great music to which he has been treating us recently. In the Rossini overture, which is a gem in its contents, as in Pergolesi's lasting short comic opera, the conductor again deployed expertise and a light touch. The somewhat worn voice of Mme. Menotti was counter-balanced by Mr. Corrisi's buoyant performance, and the concert remained a most enjoyable event.

But what happened to the young? There is not the slightest doubt that the most hidden details of this symphony are secret to the young Maestro, and his exuberant and at the same time very serious approach to the overall structure of the work attest against any insinuation that he simply tried to exhibit some kind of showmanship, but still his interpretation neither moved nor convinced. The reason for this may probably be in the doubled contours he has outlined in the history of our Radio orchestra and the development of our music life in general.



H. Schlesinger he has undoubtedly conquered as honoree in the history of our Radio orchestra and the development of our music life in general.

Bezalel Art School, Jerusalem



ENROLMENT HAS BEGUN FOR THE NEW DEPARTMENT OF CERAMICS AND FOR THE DEPARTMENTS OF GRAPHIC ART, METAL WORK, WEAVING AND EMBROIDERY, TRAINING OF ART TEACHERS.

Registration: 10-12 am Tel. 2940, P.O.B. 7064, Jerusalem

Children!

April 27, 1958
is the closing date for sending your entries to the

Competition of Children's Drawings

organized by SONOL

Send in your drawings before April 27

VALUABLE PRIZES!

Address for entries: "Sonol," Biny-Linal Advertising,

20 Rehov Haneviim, Haifa.

Sonol

SONOL ISRAEL LTD. Petroleum Products

By Maurice Carr

SUMATRA REBELS ON PARADE



Lt. Col. Ahmad Hussain salutes his troops as they pass in review in Padang, capital of the revolutionary republic proclaimed on the island of Sumatra in Indonesia.

Non-Political General Zionism

By MALKA RABINOWITZ,
Jerusalem Post Reporter

Exhaustive negotiations six months ago between the two factions of the defunct World Confederation of General Zionists on the question of non-identification with the General Zionists in Israel failed to arrive at any solution. That is why the two sections broke apart. Mrs. Rose Halprin told The Jerusalem Post last week when asked to comment on a recent statement by Dr. Emanuel Neumann that there was no real reason for the split.

Mrs. Halprin, together with Dr. Israel Goldstein, heads the World Organization of General Zionists, established at a recent meeting in London on the basis of non-identification.

The other half of the Confederation, headed by Dr. Neumann, was re-formed last

month at a conference in Tel Aviv and is called the World Union of General Zionists.

Mrs. Halprin told The Jerusalem Post last week that the breach between the two sections came only after the General Zionists in Israel made it a principle to seek identification with the World Confederation with their party. The General Zionists are a political party. Mrs. Halprin said, and for this reason the formula proposed by Dr. Neumann for reunifying the split confederation on the basis of ideological and not political affiliation with the General Zionists is impossible.

We Have No Right!

The General Zionists indeed have every right to be a political party.

Mrs. Halprin stated, "but we, abroad, have the right to enter into the day-to-day political life in Israel."

As to the claim that the W.O.G.Z. was in fact identified with the Progressive Party in Israel through its ties with the Noar Zion youth movement, Mrs. Halprin said that in fact no such affiliation existed. The Noar Zion had been the revolutionary youth movement of the Confederation, she continued, and when the Confederation split "we couldn't abandon these boys and girls."

Mrs. Halprin, who is a Deputy Chairman of the Jewish Agency Executive, also expressed her view that the procedures of the Zionist General Council (which has just concluded a conference in Jerusalem) would have to be streamlined if the Council was to work effectively.

The system of general elections was outmoded and lacking in purpose, she declared. She suggested that the debate, which continued for days unrelated to any specific problems, should in future follow on committee meetings in which concrete programmes were formulated.

Newsweek

April 7, 1958 Issue

* The West's On *

On Sale everywhere

'High Pay and Security'

This new London Prospectus will show you the way to safeguard your professional status and secure your future career. The 148-page handbook contains full particulars on our unique Correspondence Courses in

Accountancy,
Auditing,
Administration,
Business,
Economics,
General and
University
Education
Languages,
etc. etc.

Apply for FREE copy today by writing to:

The BRITISH INSTITUTES

(B.I.E.T. & B.I.C.A.)

2 Ben Yehuda St. P.O.B. 1258

27 Aleyeh Rd., Tel Aviv
5 Bank St., Haifa

Please send me particulars and free prospectus on

Name _____

Address _____

P.S. _____

The mild aromatic

Hollandia
SILVER
PIPE TOBACCO
AROMATIC AND MILD

Pipe Tobacco is now available at all Tobacconists!
Also the other well-known Brands of De Haas Bros.!

DE HAAS BROS. LTD., HAIFA

NOW

Two Flights Weekly

Monday

and

Thursday



from Lyddo to

ATHENS — ZURICH / GENEVA
PARIS — LONDON — GERMANY
NEW YORK — SOUTH AMERICA

Let Your Travel Agent advise you

Swiss Quality Worldwide

SWISSAIR

Swissair Representation: Tel Aviv, 28 Ahad Ha'am St., Tel. 6267

AMERICAN CONTINENTAL SHOPPERS ASSOCIATION INC.

Begins its operations in Israel

- The world-wide ACBA credit-facilities for tourists will now be extended to visitors to Israel.
- Any tourist holder of the ACBA Credit Card will be entitled to obtain services and goods without having to pay cash and will not be limited in the amount at his disposal.
- The ACBA credit covers commitments to Hotels, Restaurants, Shops, Car rentals and Donations, and its receipts are recognised by the U.S. Income Tax Authorities.
- ACBA places its international contacts and experience at the disposal of the Israel Tourist Industry, with the aim of encouraging more liberal spending by the tourist, to the benefit of all concerned.

For further information, please contact the Israel Representative:

A. PLEIN & CO. INC. OF NEW YORK

TEL AVIV: 94 ALLENBY ROAD. PHONE 67533